UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

MARLA A. SANTOS and LAWRENCE E. SANTOS,

Plaintiffs,

CASE NO. 07-11229 HON. LAWRENCE P. ZATKOFF

v.

FARMERS INSURANCE EXCHANGE, a foreign corporation, and ARRON PIETEILA d/b/a Arron & Sarah Pietila Agency,

Defendants.	
	,

ORDER DENYING FARMERS' MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

This matter is before the Court on Defendant Farmers Insurance Exchange's (Farmers) Motion for Reconsideration [dkt. #87]. On July 24, 2008, the Court issued an Opinion and Order denying Farmers' Second Motion for Summary Judgment as to Plaintiffs' misrepresentation claim against Farmers. To succeed on the current motion, Farmers must demonstrate a "palpable defect by which the court and the parties have been misled" and that "correcting the defect will result in a different disposition of the case." E.D. Mich. LR 7.1(g)(3). Furthermore, "the court will not grant motions for ... reconsideration that merely present the same issues ruled upon by the court, either expressly or by reasonable implication." *Id*.

In support of its motion, Farmers argues that the Court erred in denying its dispositive motion on the issue of misrepresentation because Plaintiffs were obligated to read the umbrella policy and, therefore, could not have reasonably relied on any misrepresentations made by Farmers or its agents. Farmers relies on *Zaremba Equip., Inc. v. Harco Nat'l Ins. Co.*, No. 274745 (Mich.

Ct. App. July 31, 2008), which stands for the proposition that there can be no fraud where a person

has the means to determine that a representation is not true.

The Court is not persuaded that the *Zaremba* opinion renders its prior decision erroneous.

The court in Zaremba restated the general rules, as recognized in this Court's July 24 Opinion and

Order, that ordinarily an insured is charged with knowledge of the terms of his policy, see Casey v.

Auto Owners Ins. Co., 729 N.W.2d 277, 283 (Mich. Ct. App. 2006), and that a person cannot

establish reasonable reliance on a misrepresentation where the person possesses the means with

which to assess the accuracy of that representation, see Nieves v. Bell Indus. Inc., 517 N.W.2d 235,

238 (Mich. Ct. App. 1994). However, as before, Farmers fails to recognize that these general rules

are qualified by the absence of fraud. See Rory v. Continental Ins. Co., 703 N.W.2d 23, 42 n.82

(Mich. 2005) ("This Court has historically held an insured to have knowledge of the contents of the

policy, in the absence of fraud, even though the insured did not read it."); Schuler v. Am. Motors

Sales Corp., 197 N.W.2d 493, 495 (Mich. Ct. App. 1972) ("There is no fraud where means of

knowledge are open to the plaintiff and the degree of their utilization is circumscribed in no respect

by defendant."). Consequently, the Zaremba opinion merely presents the same issues ruled upon

by the Court in its July 24 Opinion and Order. Accordingly, Farmers' Motion for Reconsideration

is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

S/Lawrence P. Zatkoff

LAWRENCE P. ZATKOFF

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Dated: August 12, 2008

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a copy of this Order was served upon the attorneys of record by electronic or U.S. mail on August 12, 2008.

S/Marie E. Verlinde

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